Geo-Academy Summer School 2025

## Using Python to analyse the Keeling curve

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The **Keeling Curve** is a graph of the annual variation and overall accumulation of <u>carbon dioxide in the Earth's atmosphere</u> based on continuous measurements taken at the <u>Mauna Loa Observatory</u> on the island of <u>Hawaii</u> from 1958 to the present day.

The curve is named for the scientist <u>Charles David Keeling</u>, who started the monitoring program and supervised it until his death in 2005.

Keeling's measurements showed the first significant evidence of rapidly increasing <u>carbon dioxide</u> (CO<sub>2</sub>) levels in the atmosphere.<sup>[1]</sup>







Photo of an air intake tube at Maunakea Observatories in Hawaii. The system was installed on December 8, 2022. (Image credit: NOAA)







#### **How to measure CO2**

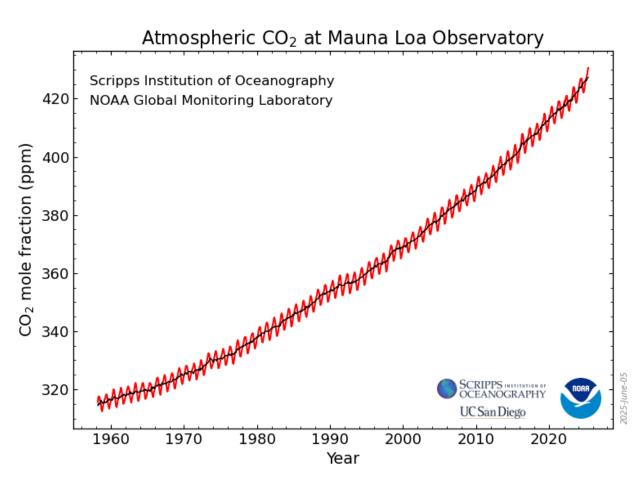
#### NDIR sensors (Non-Dispersive Infrared):

- The most common method in indoor environments, climate research, and industry.
- Carbon dioxide absorbs infrared light at specific wavelengths. The sensor measures how much IR light is absorbed and calculates the CO<sub>2</sub> concentration based on that.

film: how a CO2 detector works









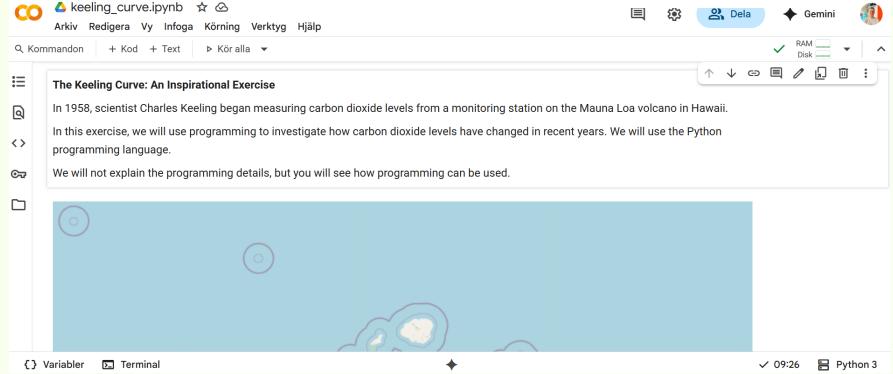


### The Keeling Curve: An Inspirational Exercise

Link to the activity: https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1X 04PIIKtch36gvXsw2Y9MwZNOF4ZaArQ?us

p=sharing





You can find the presentation and the links to the activities on our homepage:

GeoAcademy - Vattenhallen
Science Center



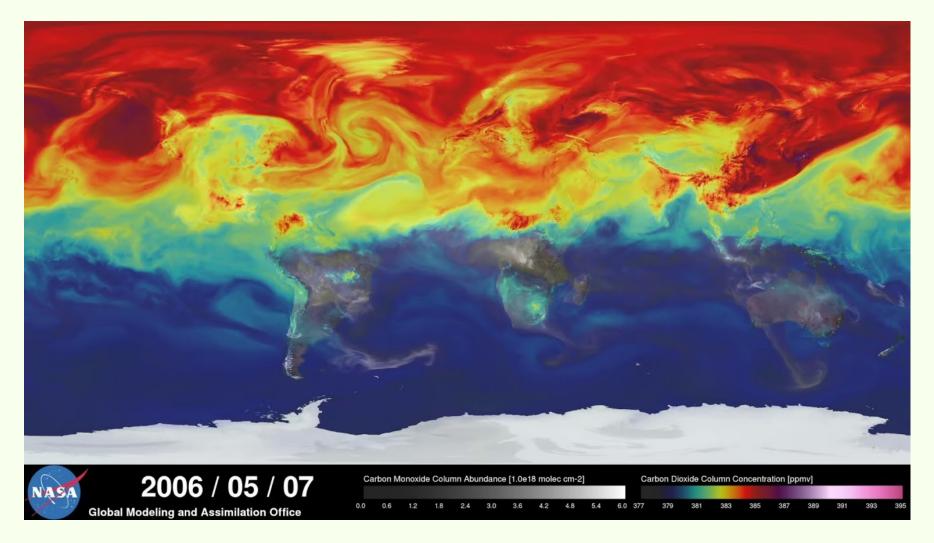


# Thanks!

Time for coffee break







NASA, A Year in the Life of Earth's CO2

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x1SgmFa0r04